

عنوان مقاله:

Lung tissue engineering: from whole organ bioengineering to organ on a chip

محل انتشار:

اولین کنگره بین المللی مهندسی بافت و پزشکی بازساختی ایران (سال: ۱۳۹۷)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: ۱

نویسندگان:

Ghassem Amoabediny - Department of Life Science Engineering, Research Center for New Technologies in Life Science Engineering, University of Tehran, Iran

Seyed Hossein Mahfouzi - Department of Life Science Engineering, Faculty of New Sciences and Technologies, University of Tehran, Iran

Seyed Hamid Safiabadi-Tali - Department of Life Science Engineering, Research Center for New Technologies in Life Science Engineering, University of Tehran, Iran

Mostafa Ghanei - Chemical Injuries Research Center and Department of Pulmonary Medicine, Baqiyatallah University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran

خلاصه مقاله:

Introduction The rate of lung diseases has been increasing for decades. Lung transplantation is the only treatment for the majority of patients, but this method has been limited due to lack of donors. Therefore, recently, attentions have increased to some new strategies with the aid of tissue engineering and microfluidics techniques for both the functional analysis and drug screening. **Objectives** This article aims to review new advances in lung bioengineering and lung on a chip research fields. **Methods** In lung tissue engineering, engineered tissue can grow by using the patient sown cells eliminating the need for immunosuppression after implantation. Regarding drug testing, microfluidics devices are applied to evaluate drug screenings, function analysis, and toxicity. **Results** Since lung tissue has complex structure, to achieve better matrix and overcome challenges in scaffold preparation, decellularized scaffolds were suggested to use in re-seeding process. In addition, micro-devices allow for online monitoring and analysis during which are not feasible by other conventional methods. **Conclusion** In conclusion, investigations on pulmonary therapy are in its infancy. Given promising works performed in this field, further studies are required to find more information about critical points, to produce fully functional engineered lung tissue

کلمات کلیدی:

Lung tissue engineering, Lung on a chip, Regenerative medicine, Organ bioengineering

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

<https://civilica.com/doc/۹۰۵۹۰۳>