

## عنوان مقاله:

Synthesis of Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> nanoparticles in ionic liquids based on imidazole

## محل انتشار:

دومین همایش ملی تکنولوژی های نوین در شیمی و پتروشیمی (سال: 1394)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 2

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## خلاصه مقاله:

Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> nanoparticles with various morphologies have been successfully synthesized using ionic liquid assisted reflux method. The samples are characterized by X-ray diffraction, IR spectroscopy and field emission scanning electron microscope (FE-SEM). The results indicate that the as-prepared samples are Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> nanoparticles, mesoporous hollow microspheres, microcubes, and porous nanorods. The effects of the ionic liquid benzyl-methylimidazolium bromide ([bnmim][Br]) on the formation of the Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> with various morphologies have been investigated systematically. The proposed formation mechanisms have also been investigated on the basis of a series of FE-SEM studies of the products obtained at different durations. Because of the unique porous structure, the potential application in water treatment of the Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> porous nanorods was investigated. This method is expected to be a useful technique for controlling the diverse shapes of crystalline inorganic materials for a variety of applications, such as sensors, gas and heavy metal ion adsorbents and catalytic fields.

## کلمات کلیدی:

Green synthesis, benzyl-methylimidazolium bromide, nanoparticles

## لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

<https://civilica.com/doc/391963>

