# عنوان مقاله:

SPRAY FERTILIZATION OF BORON AND ZINC ON LEAF NUTRITION, FRUIT SET AND QUALITY INDICES OF PEAR

## محل انتشار:

اولین کنفرانس بین المللی ایده های نو در کشاورزی (سال: 1392)

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#### خلاصه مقاله:

The pear belongs to the Rosaceae family and Pomoideae subfamily and it is the most important pome fruit tree in world after apple. According to recent statistics the area of pear culture in Iran consists of 14,502 hectares with production of about 145,123 tonnes (Faostat, 2011). This average production is low. Plenty of researchers have attempted to increase the productivity and quality of pear fruit crops. The use of mineral elements in this respects were cited on pear fruit using boron, Gobara, 1998 and Taher and Hassan, 2005; boron and calcium, AbdEl-Megeed et al. 2007; boron and Zinc, Canesin et al. 2010; gibberellins, Deckers and Schoofs, 2002; bioregulator, combined applications auxin, cytokinin and gibberlin, Lafer, 2008; amino acids and polyamines, Franco-Mcra et al. 2005; growth regulators, nutrients and amino acids, stina et al.2011 were also tried. From the point of leaf nutrient status, a number of methods are available for diagnostic interpretation of foliar data e.g. i). Concentrations and ratios such as Evolutive Nutrient Balance (ENB), Diagnosis and Recommendation Integrated System (DRIS), Deviation from Optimum Percentage (DOP and ΣDOP index) and others (Montañés et al. 1991., Sanz 1999, Zarrouk et al. 2005). The aim of this study was to verify the effects of B and Zn applied on flowers at full bloom stage on leaf nutrition, fruit set and quality indices of three pear cultivars (Spadona and Duchesse and a pear cultivar from Iranian national collection named as Daregazi) which were grown in a private orchard (Kosar) in district of Shahriar of Alborz province(Iran) during 2012-2013. The studied cultivasrs, grafted on Pyrus communis seedlings, planted at a spacing of 4 ×2m on a silt loam soil The climate was semi-arid. The studied pear cultivars were sprayed with Borax (1%, 2%, 3%), Zinc sulfate (1%, 2%, 3%) and Borax+Zinc sulfate(1%B+1%Zn, 1%B+2%Zn, 1%B+3%Zn, 2%B+1%Zn, 2%B+2%Zn, 2%B+3%Zn, 3%B+1%Zn, 3%B+2%Zn, 3%B+3%Zn) at full bloom stage. A randomized blocks design was used and to compare the averages the Duncan test was applied. Statistical analysis of data indicated significant differences between years for all of the studied parameters among rootstocks (except for fruit protein in Duchese and £DOP index in Daregazi' cultivars), different treatments and the interactive effects of yearxtreatment. Studied parameters of sprayed trees were compared to the control (without any application of Boron and Zinc) trees. All the applied ... treatments significantly increased initial fruit set and yield compared with the control trees. Furthermore, leaf

# کلمات کلیدی:

pear cultivars, fruit set, fruit quality, yield, boron, zinc

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