

عنوان مقاله:

AlFeO₃@SiO₂@SO₃H as a magnetic nanocatalyst for the synthesis of mono/bis-dihydropyrimidin-2-ones and dihydropyridines as pharmaceutically active compounds

محل انتشار:

فصلنامه کامپوزیت ها و ترکیبات, دوره 5, شماره 14 (سال: 1402)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 7

نویسندگان:

Mohammad Ali Bodaghifard - Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Arak University, ۳۸۱۵۶-۸۸۱۳۸, Arak, Iran, AND Institute of Nanosciences and Nanotechnology, Arak University, ۳۸۱۵۶-۸۸۱۳۸, Arak, Iran

Najmieh Ahadi - Institute of Nanosciences and Nanotechnology, Arak University, ۳۸۱۵۶-۸۸۱۳۸, Arak, Iran

Faranak Ebrahimi - Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Arak University, ۳۸۱۵۶-۸۸۱۳۸, Arak, Iran

Mahdia Hamidinasab - Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Arak University, ۳۸۱۵۶-۸۸۱۳۸, Arak, Iran

خلاصه مقاله:

In this research, the preparation of a reusable AlFeO₃@SiO₂@SO₃H nanostructure as a perovskite-based magnetic nanomaterial is described. The structure of prepared AlFeO₃@SiO₂@SO₃H was characterized by FT-IR, XRD, FE-SEM, EDS, TGA, and VSM analyses. The prepared acidic hybrid nanocatalyst showed high thermal stability and used as an efficient magnetic nanocatalyst in the synthesis of ۳,۴-dihydropyrimidin-2-one, and mono/bis ۱,۴-dihydropyridine derivatives as pharmaceutically active heterocycles under solvent free conditions. High efficiency of procedure, good yields, short reaction times, magnetic recovery and reusability of nanocatalyst, high thermal stability of catalyst, and environmentally benign conditions are highlights of this new protocol. In this research, the preparation of a reusable AlFeO₃@SiO₂@SO₃H nanostructure as a perovskite-based magnetic nanomaterial is described. The structure of prepared AlFeO₃@SiO₂@SO₃H was characterized by FT-IR, XRD, FE-SEM, EDS, TGA, and VSM analyses. The prepared acidic hybrid nanocatalyst showed high thermal stability and used as an efficient magnetic nanocatalyst in the synthesis of ۳,۴-dihydropyrimidin-2-one, and mono/bis ۱,۴-dihydropyridine derivatives as pharmaceutically active heterocycles under solvent free conditions. High efficiency of procedure, good yields, short reaction times, magnetic recovery and reusability of nanocatalyst, high thermal stability of catalyst, and environmentally benign conditions are highlights of this new protocol.

کلمات کلیدی:

Magnetic nanocatalyst, Perovskite structure, Biginelli reaction, Hantzsch reaction, Pharmaceutical compounds, Green synthesis

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

<https://civilica.com/doc/1921737>

