

عنوان مقاله:

Feasibility of using Medical Imaging Interaction Toolkit in volumetric studies to accurate diagnosing of vascular emboli by Extended NURBS-based Cardiac-Torso phantom

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خلاصه مقاله:

Introduction: Important complications of venous thromboembolism (VTE) are a longer hospital stay, readmission, recurrence of the emboli, complications of anticoagulant therapy and death in a sever condition. In present study, the volume measurement accuracy of the medical imaging interaction toolkit (MITK) software on determining VTE in computed tomography images was evaluated. Methods: Several VTEs, ranged from o.1 to Yo mm, were simulated in the arteries of a XCAT Phantom. Then, the MITK software was used for localization and volume measurement of the produced VTEs on the images of the simulated phantom. Results: The scatter plot and correlation coefficient were showed a high correlation between the calculated emboli volume measures by MITK software with those designed in the XCAT Phantom ($r=0.9\Lambda$; p<0.001), The differences of the calculated measures and the simulated clots were mostly related to the clot volumes less than .. I ml (mainly due to the inability of the software to measure the range), which may be clinically ignored. However, a difference of about ...) ml for the clot volumes greater than ... ml was in acceptable range. Conclusion: MITK software may be used for volume measurement studies in medical diagnosis, also for VTE accurate measurement to achieve a more accurate diagnosis and to eliminate the need to onsite .diagnosis by the imaging system due to MITK capability on running in a personal computer

کلمات کلیدی: Emboli, Medical diagnosis, MITK software, Venous thromboembolism, volumetry, XCAT phantom

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