#### عنوان مقاله:

FOXPW Genetic Variation at Position -YWAW C/T (rswy510f9) in Patients with Breast Cancer

### محل انتشار:

مجله سرطان خاورميانه, دوره 10, شماره 4 (سال: 1398)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 6

## نویسندگان:

Zahra Shiri - Department of Immunology, Faculty of Medicine, International Branch of Shahid Sadoughi University of Medical Sciences, Yazd, Iran

Reza Mansouri - Department of Immunology, Faculty of Medicine, International Branch of Shahid Sadoughi University of Medical Sciences. Yazd. Iran

Mohammad Reza Haghshenas - Shiraz Institute for Cancer Research, School of Medicine, Shiraz University of Medical Sciences, Shiraz, Iran

Abdolrasoul Talei - Breast Disease Research Center, Shiraz University of Medical Sciences, Shiraz, Iran

Nasrollah Erfani - Department of Immunology and Shiraz Institute for Cancer Research, School of Medicine, Shiraz University of Medical Sciences, Shiraz, Iran

#### خلاصه مقاله:

Background:We investigated the possibility of an association between the C-Υ٣ΛΨΤ polymorphism (rsΨΥ۶ιΔF۹) in the promoter region of the FOXPΨ gene with breast cancer. Methods: The study groups consisted of ΥΔ∘ women diagnosed with breast cancer (case group) and ΥΔ∘ healthy women (control group). Polymerase chain reactionrestriction fragment length polymorphism was performed for genotyping. Results: Breast cancer cases had a C allele frequency of FΔΛ (91%) and T allele frequency of FΔΛ (9%). The control group had a C allele frequency of F۶Λ (9Ψ.۶%) and ΨΥ (۶.۶%) for the T allele. The CC genotype was present in Υ∘۶ (ΛΥ.۶%) patients, ۶Ψ (1Υ.Υ%) patients had the CT genotype, and the TT genotype was observed in 1 (∘.۶%) patient. In the control group, Υ19 (ΛΥ.۶%) had the CC genotype, whereas Ψ∘ (1Υ%) had the CT genotype, and 1 (∘.۶%) had the TT genotype. Statistical analysis revealed no significant differences in the distribution of alleles and genotypes between patients and controls (P>∘.∘Δ). There was no significant association between genotype distribution and patients' clinicopathological factors. Conclusion: Our results do not support an association between the FOXPΨ -ΥΨΛΨ C/T polymorphism and breast cancer in a population .from southern Iran

# كلمات كليدى:

Breast cancer, FOXP™ gene, Single Nucleotide Polymorphism, PCR-RFLP

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/1818869



