

عنوان مقاله:

Prevalence of Suicide and Self-harm During the Coronavirus Yo19 Pandemic: A Systematic Review Study

محل انتشار:

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خلاصه مقاله:

Introduction: During the COVID-19 epidemic, many people around the world committed suicide and self-harm due to psychological disorders. For this purpose, studies on the prevalence of self-harm and suicide attempt during COVID-19 have been reviewed in the present study. Method: In this review study the following specialized keywords were searched between Y°Y° (May) and Y°YY (January) in English databases such as Google Scholar, ISI, Scopus, Science Direct, and PubMed: suicide, suicidal thoughts, suicide attempts, self-harm, self-injury, self-harm deliberate, COVID-19. Results: The results showed that the prevalence of suicide (Y%-Y).9%) and self-harm (Y%-FY.5%) during COVID-19 has increased significantly compared to the past. Economic problems, young age, being a woman, unemployment, family problems, loneliness, and psychological distress were among the factors that aggravated self-harm and suicide attempt during COVID-19. In contrast, social support, resilience, psychological resilience, and spiritual health reduced suicidal thoughts and behaviors. Conclusion: According to the obtained results, lack of access to a psychologist was one of the important reasons for thoughts and behaviors related to self-harm and suicide during COVID-19 epidemic. For this reason, it is necessary for psychological centers, hospitals, and related organizations to .take measures in order to increase tele-mental health services

کلمات کلیدی: COVID-19, Suicide, self-harm, Systematic review

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