

عنوان مقاله:

Rate and Causes of Claim Denials in Iranian Hospitals: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis

محل انتشار: مجله گزارشات و فناوری سلامت, دوره 8, شماره 3 (سال: 1401)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 10

نویسندگان:

Bahman Ahadinezhad - Social Determinants of Health Research Center, Research Institute for Prevention of Noncommunicable Diseases, Qazvin University of Medical Sciences, Qazvin, Iran

Omid Khosravizadeh - Social Determinants of Health Research Center, Research Institute for Prevention of Noncommunicable Diseases, Qazvin University of Medical Sciences, Qazvin, Iran

Aisa Maleki - Student Research Committee, Qazvin University of Medical Sciences, Qazvin, Iran

Elnaz Ghanbari - Student Research Committee, Qazvin University of Medical Sciences, Qazvin, Iran

خلاصه مقاله:

Context: One of the most important income sources of hospitals is the payment of insurance organizations, part of which is not paid as deductions in Iran. Studies have reported different values for insurance deductions, proposing various reasons. Objectives: The present study aimed to provide the published evidence of these deductions and their causes over the past 1th years. Data Sources: This systematic review and meta-analysis was conducted in YoY1. Data were collected via searching in databases such as Google Scholar, Scopus, PubMed, Web of Science, SID, Magiran, and Irandoc until August YoYI using keywords such as "deduction", "medical deduction", "hospital", "medical center", and "Iran". Data Extraction: To calculate the pooled values of hospital deductions, a random-effects meta-analysis was performed in the Stata software version 1a at 9a% confidence interval. In addition, the possible heterogeneity of the studies was evaluated using the IY statistic, and a forest plot was also used to report the results. Publication bias was assessed using a funnel plot. Results: In total, 19 articles were included in the meta-analysis. The pooled percentage of deductions (PPCD) based on random effects was ۵% (۹۵% CI: ۲.۸۸ - Υ.ΙΥ۴), and the hypothesis was rejected $(PPCD = \circ; Z = W1.Y5; P = \circ.\circ\circ\circ)$. Based on the random-effects method, the pooled prevalence of deductions was F۵.Y1% (9۵% CI: 1Y.F•I - YY.AYF). Moreover, the pooled prevalence of deductions (PPVD) was considered statistically significant (PPVD = \circ ; Z = Y Δ 1.15; P = \circ . $\circ\circ\circ$). The variation in ES attributable to heterogeneity (IY) was estimated at 99.5%, and documentation problems were considered the most common cause of deductions (1Y.95%). Conclusions: According to the results, the prevalence of deductions in Iranian public hospitals is significant, and the share of .deductions from the bill claimed by the hospital is manageable, albeit small

کلمات کلیدی:

Deduction, Health Insurance, Hospital, Medical Care, Iran

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:





