

عنوان مقاله:

A Mathematical Probabilistic Modelling for the SingleMolecule Kinetics Problem

محل انتشار:

بیست و سومین کنگره بین المللی میکروبی شناسی ایران (سال: 1401)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 1

نویسنده:

Reza Fallah Moghaddam - *Garmsar University, Garmsar, Iran*

خلاصه مقاله:

Background and Aim : In the past decades, advances in microscopy have made it possible to study the dynamics of individual biomolecules in vitro and to resolve intra-molecular kinetics that would otherwise be hidden in ensemble averages. Recently, single-molecule methods have been used to image, localize, and track individually labeled macromolecules in the cytoplasm of living cells, allowing the investigation of intermolecular kinetics under physiologically relevant conditions. Methods : Assume that a protein A binds to protein B. Also, the bound complex AB can be converted into C. In this article, we try to derive time probability distributions for single-molecule kinetics. Assume that the probability of species reacting in the time t is p . Also, consider that this probability is independent of any past history. Results : If in n consecutive intervals with the same amount as t , there is no reaction, the probability of surviving is $(1-kt)^n$. Where, k represents the average frequency of the reaction. Notice that when $n \rightarrow \infty$, $(1-kt)^n \rightarrow e^{-(kt)}$. Conclusion : It is known that there exists a connection between single-molecule techniques when studying kinetics in living cells and solutions to specific challenges associated with these methods. For example, recently, single molecule kinetics of bacteriorhodopsin by HS-AFM is discussed by Alma P. Perrino.

کلمات کلیدی:

Single-molecule kinetics, probability distributions, Modeling

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

<https://civilica.com/doc/1531944>

