

عنوان مقاله:

Structural, Magnetic, and Transport Properties of $\text{LaMn}_{1-x}\text{Cu}_x\text{O}_3$ ($x=0, 0.125$) Ceramics

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خلاصه مقاله:

The present study investigates the structural, magnetic, and electrical properties of non-stoichiometric $\text{LaMn}_{1-x}\text{Cu}_x\text{O}_3$ ($x=0, 0.025, 0.05, 0.075, \text{ and } 0.125$) ceramics. The results of X-ray diffraction refinement indicated that all samples were crystallized in an orthorhombic structure and no apparent crystal structure change was introduced by doping Cu up to $x=0.125$. The Ferromagnetic (FM) nature revealed by non-stoichiometric $\text{LaMn}_{1-x}\text{Cu}_x\text{O}_3$ -d was verified through the appearance of Paramagnetic-Ferromagnetic (PM-FM) transition temperatures in AC magnetic susceptibility measurement of the samples. Due to the coexistence of Antiferromagnetic (AFM) and FM phases, all samples contained Re-entrant Spin Glass (RSG) and Cluster Spin Glass (CSG) states. The results showed that FM phase was comparable or even dominant in the doped samples up to $x=0.075$; however, after doping, AFM phase overcame the FM phase as a result of reduction of double exchange interaction. Temperature dependence of resistivity measurement indicated that upon increasing the Cu-doping level, resistivity decreased, except for the $x=0.125$ sample, and that metal-insulator transition at low temperatures was detected in the doped samples. Furthermore, changing the magnetic phase in the case of $x=0.125$ sample from FM (in $x=0.075$) to AFM dominant phase was accompanied by .changing the transport parameters obtained from small polaron hopping models

کلمات کلیدی:

Manganite oxides, Doping, Spin glass, Small polaron hopping

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