

عنوان مقاله:

Effect of Non-Newtonian Models on Blood Flow in Artery with Different Consecutive Stenosis

محل انتشار:

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تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 8

نویسندگان:

Mehdi Jahangiri - *Department of Mechanical Engineering, Shahrekord Branch, Islamic Azad University, Shahrekord, Iran*

Ahmad Haghani - *Department of Mechanical Engineering, Shahrekord Branch, Islamic Azad University, Shahrekord, Iran*

Reza Ghaderi - *Department of Mechanical Engineering, Shahrekord Branch, Islamic Azad University, Shahrekord, Iran*

Seyyed Mohammad Hosseini Harat - *Department of Mathematics, Shahrekord Branch, Islamic Azad University, Shahrekord, Iran*

خلاصه مقاله:

In this paper, the ADINA finite element software was used for numerical investigation of laminar and non-Newtonian flow through a blood artery with consecutive stenosis. For modeling the non-Newtonian behavior of blood, six models were used, namely, Carreau, Carreau-Yasuda, modified Casson, Power law, generalized power law, and Walburn-Schneck. The results show that for all non-Newtonian models as well as the Newtonian model, the velocity of blood flow in the second stenosis is greater than the first stenosis. Also, up to $4D$ back of second stenosis, a reverse flow area is formed that causes the spread of disease and the formation of new plaque. As a general conclusion, it can be stated that due to the smaller values obtained from the power law and Walburn-Schneck models, as compared with the other models, for fluid velocity and wall shear stress, these two models must be applied with caution.

کلمات کلیدی:

ADINA, Endothelial cell, Reverse flow, Throat

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